

Quiz #3 (CSE 400.001)

Wednesday, October 6, 2004

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1. (10 points) Using the Convolution theorem, solve the following integrodifferential equation

$$y'(t) = 1 - \sin t - \int_0^t y(\tau) d\tau, \quad y(0) = 1.$$

$$sY - 1 = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s^2+1} - \frac{1}{s} \cdot Y \quad (+2)$$

$$(s + \frac{1}{s})Y = 1 + \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s^2+1} \quad] \quad (+2)$$

$$Y = \frac{s+1}{s^2+1} - \frac{s}{(s^2+1)^2} \quad] \quad (+2)$$

$$y(t) = \cos t + \sin t - \int_0^t \sin \tau \cdot \cos(t-\tau) d\tau \quad (+2)$$

$$= \cos t + \sin t - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t [\sin t + \sin(2\tau - t)] d\tau \quad] \quad (+2)$$

$$= \cos t + \sin t - \frac{1}{2} t \sin t + \frac{1}{4} [\cos(2z-t)]_0^t \quad] \quad (+2)$$

$$= \cos t + (1 - \frac{1}{2}t) \sin t \quad \overline{\text{II}} \quad (+2)$$

2. (10 points) Solve the following differential equation

$$y'' + 6y' + 25y = 4\delta(t - \pi) + 4\delta(t - 2\pi), \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 1.$$

$$s^2 Y - s - 1 + 6[sY - 1] + 25Y = 4e^{-\pi s} + 4e^{-2\pi s} \quad (+2)$$

$$(s^2 + 6s + 25)Y = s + 7 + 4(e^{-\pi s} + e^{-2\pi s})$$

$$Y = \frac{s+3}{(s+3)^2 + 4^2} + \frac{4}{(s+3)^2 + 4^2} + \frac{4}{(s+3)^2 + 4^2} (e^{-\pi s} + e^{-2\pi s}) \quad (+2)$$

$$y(t) = e^{-3t} \cos 4t + e^{-3t} \sin 4t \quad (+2)$$

$$+ e^{-3(t-\pi)} \sin 4(t-\pi) u(t-\pi) \quad (+2)$$

$$+ e^{-3(t-2\pi)} \sin 4(t-2\pi) u(t-2\pi) \quad (+2)$$

$$= \begin{cases} e^{-3t} \cos 4t + e^{-3t} \sin 4t & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi \\ e^{-3t} \cos 4t \\ + (1 + e^{3\pi}) e^{-3t} \sin 4t & \text{if } \pi < t < 2\pi \\ e^{-3t} \cos 4t \\ + (1 + e^{3\pi} + e^{6\pi}) e^{-3t} \sin 4t & \text{if } t > 2\pi \end{cases}$$